

Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions



VIBRATORY FEEDERS MODELS - HD-46, HD-56, & HD-66

ERIEZ HEADQUARTERS: 2200 ASBURY ROAD, ERIE, PA 16506-1402 U.S.A.
GLOBAL LEADER IN SEPARATION TECHNOLOGIES

Introduction

This manual details the proper steps for installing, operating and maintaining the Eriez Vibratory Feeder.

Careful attention to these requirements will assure the most efficient and dependable performance of this equipment.

If there are any questions or comments about the manual, please call Eriez at 814-835-6000 for Vibratory Feeder assistance.


 **CAUTION: Safety labels must be affixed to this product. Should the safety label(s) be damaged, dislodged or removed, contact Eriez for replacement.**

Table of Contents

ERIEZ VIBRATORY FEEDER - MODELS HD-46, HD-56 & HD-66

INSTALLATION	4
Mounting	4
Electrical Connections	4
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	4
Tuning Guide	4
Tuning for Non-standard Trays	5
Tuning for Different Conditions of Tray Loading	6
REPAIRS	6
Coil Replacement	6
Spring Replacement	8
Armature Replacement.....	9
TROUBLESHOOTING	11
PARTS LIST	13



Installation

MOUNTING

This Hi-Vi model should be mounted on a flat surface, fastened with bolts or screws of proper size. Use lock washers under the bolt heads.

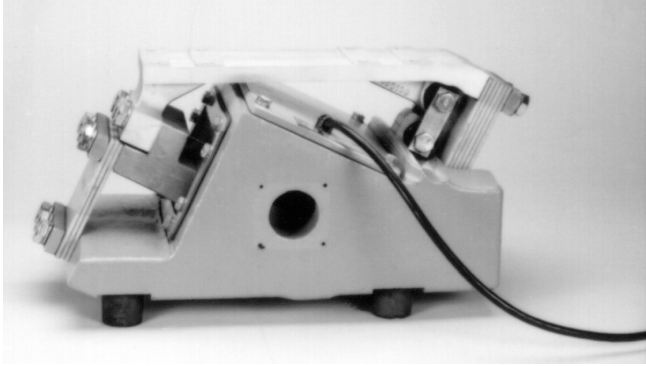


FIGURE 1

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

NOTE: The Eriez Vibratory HD Feeder is designed to be operated from an AC source through a special Eriez 30Hz control (see VM-10). It cannot be operated from a DC source.

All wiring should conform to all applicable electrical codes.

1. Check the specifications of the power line to be certain that they are the same as those shown on the nameplate.
2. Connect the black and white wires in the feeder power cord to the power source or to the proper terminals in the control box.
3. Connect the green wire to the ground or to the lug provided in the control box.
4. If using a control box, make all connections as indicated on the control wiring diagram.
5. Connect the lug in the control box to a good earth ground (a cold water line is excellent).
6. On multiple drive feeders (two or more drives on one tray) all drives should be wired electrically in phase and in parallel. The black wires from each power cord should be connected together and the white wires connected together. The black wires should be connected to the line side of the input voltage and the white wires should be connected to the neutral side.

You are now ready to start your vibratory feeder.

Operation & Maintenance

Do not operate the unit with associated equipment touching any part of the feeder or tray.

To start the feeder after all connections have been made, apply power to the line connected to the feeder. If a controller is used, operate the switch on the controller and adjust the output voltage to maximum by rotating the control knob to the full clockwise position. Ordinarily (at ambient room temperatures) the unit will take about two minutes to reach full steady-state displacement.

After full steady-state displacement has been attained, use the controller to adjust the unit to the desired feed rate.

No routine maintenance or lubrication is required and any accumulation of foreign matter should be periodically removed from between the tray-tiebar assembly and the body, and from between the body and the mounting surface to prevent restriction of movement of the vibratory elements. Re-torque bolts, check spring conditions and air gap on electrical assembly is correct.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Special Trays and Attachments

Always consult Eriez before designing or constructing special trays for your feeder drive. Also, contact Eriez before modifying or attaching to any tray supplied by Eriez. Changes made without Eriez' prior approval will void the warranty.

TUNING GUIDE

General Information

The tuning means is provided solely for the purpose of mechanically tuning the unit, with its tray, to the desired vibratory displacement at full voltage. When a unit is furnished complete with tray, it is properly tuned to the tray at the factory. Such tuning is naturally somewhat different for trays of different size or weight.

Tuning is accomplished by changing the stiffness of the tuning spring stacks of the feeder (see Figure 2). Variations in stiffness are obtained by changing the number of springs in the stacks and/or by changing the thickness of fiberglass springs.



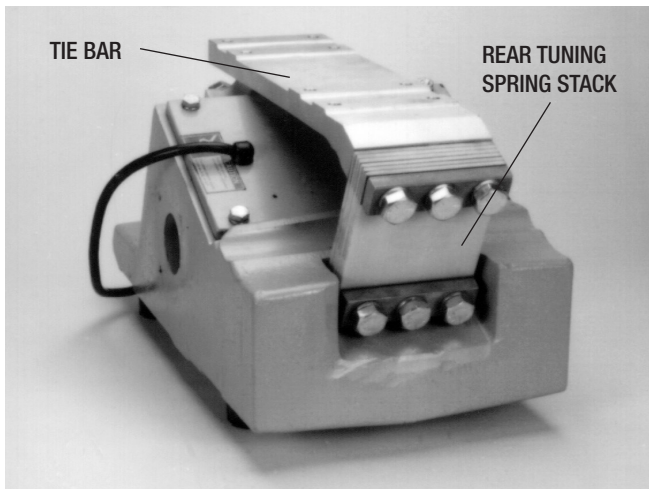


FIGURE 2

In normal operation at full voltage, the total tray stroke for standard size trays, measured at the back of the tray is 3/16" (4.7 mm). For trays substantially larger than standard, this normal displacement range should be reduced. Refer to the serial number plate on your feeder for the amplitude that your unit was tuned for.

How to Measure Displacement

Position an Eriez displacement sticker on the outer side of the tray, near the rear of the tray and at an angle of 25° from vertical (see Figure 3).



FIGURE 3

Deflection (Displacement)

HD units are normally set at approximately 3/16" (4.7 mm) tray stroke. This can be checked with an Eriez deflection sticker. (Part # 436957)

The sticker is read while the equipment is operating, by looking at the optical illusion in which the printed circles appear as double. Read the deflection where a pair of circles just touch together.

A sticker is shown actual size in Figure 3B.

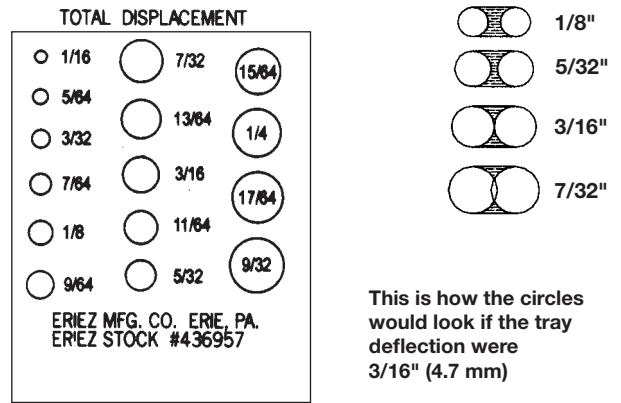


FIGURE 3B

The following general rules, which apply only to the feeder operating ideally on the "normal" side of its "tuning curve," should be borne in mind when making tuning adjustments to increase or decrease the displacement:

1. To DECREASE the tray displacement, DECREASE the stiffness of the tuning springs.
2. To INCREASE the tray displacement, INCREASE the stiffness of the tuning springs.

If decreasing or increasing the tuning spring stiffness has an opposite effect, it means that the spring stiffness is great enough that the unit is operating on the "opposite" side of its tuning curve. The spring stiffness should be reduced until the behavior is in accordance with rules 1 and 2. The unit can then be properly tuned to the desired displacement.

As a guide to the stiffness of individual tuning springs, each spring is marked with a code number, i.e., 5-27. The first number (5) is the number of fiberglass plies in the spring. The following number (27) indicates the relative stiffness of the spring; the higher this number, the stiffer the spring.

The total stiffness of the tuning spring stack is the sum of the relative stiffness numbers. By various combinations of different ply springs having different relative stiffnesses, practically any desired total stiffness can be obtained.

TUNING FOR NON-STANDARD TRAYS

(Note: See "Special Trays and Attachments")

If it is necessary to tune the unit to an off-size or non-standard tray, follow this procedure:

1. Attach the tray, making sure that all lockwashers are in place and the fasteners tight.
2. Energize the unit at the nameplate voltage and frequency.

Operation & Maintenance (cont.)

3. (a) During tuning, if a hammering or striking noise occurs when the unit is turned off and on quickly, the displacement is well in excess of normal. Whether striking or not, if the displacement exceeds the normal range for that particular size of tray (see Tuning Guide-General Information), it must be reduced by substituting a tuning spring leaf or leaves of less stiffness, or by subtracting one or more leaves, until approximately normal full voltage displacement is attained. Then use the controller for fine or variable control of displacement and feed rate.
- (b) During tuning if the displacement at full voltage is below the nominal range for that particular size tray, and greater displacement is desired, increase the tuning spring stiffness by substituting leaves of greater stiffness or by adding more leaves.

TUNING FOR DIFFERENT CONDITIONS OF TRAY LOADING

Units with Eriez-built trays are factory tuned for normal displacement with light loading (light head load, light materials, limited depth of flow of heavier materials). Normal displacement for HD-46, HD-56 and HD66 is approximately 3/16" (4.7 mm). Ordinarily this tuning will not need to be changed. In no case, however, should the unit be permitted to deflect more than 3/16" (4.7 mm) without load for HD-46, HD-56 and HD-66.

CAUTION

A small amount of striking during tuning is permissible, but must not be allowed during regular operation since damage to the feeder can result.

NOTE: The front spring stack always remains the same on the feeder and should not be altered when retuning the unit. The following applies:

MODEL	REAR SPRINGS/PLY	FRONT SPRINGS/PLY
HD-46	2-11 ply, 1-9 ply	(2) 11 ply
HD-56	4-11 ply	(2) 11 ply
HD-66	4-11 ply	(2) 11 ply

NOTE: Use 11 ply springs or they will fail

NOTE: The HD66 should include two spacers between each spring and clamp bars/body HD46 and HD56 only require one spacer between springs.

FEEDER DRIVE ONLY (LESS TRAY SUPPLIED)

If a feeder is shipped without a tray, the standard rear spring combination for the feeder is listed below. These feeders will need to be tuned to the tray.

Refer to TUNING FOR NON-STANDARD TRAY section.

Repairs

CAUTION: This unit contains Rare Earth Magnets. Strong magnetic fields are present at assembly.

CAUTION - STRONG MAGNET

This equipment includes one or more extremely powerful magnetic circuits. The magnetic field may be much stronger than the Earth's background field at a distance several times the largest dimension of the equipment.

- If you use a heart pacemaker or similar device you must never approach the equipment because your device may malfunction in the magnetic field with consequences up to and including death.
- To avoid serious pinch-type injuries caused by objects attracted to the magnet, keep all steel and iron objects well away from the equipment. Do not allow hands, fingers and other body parts to be caught between the equipment and nearby steel or iron objects.
- Keep credit cards, computer disks and other magnetic storage devices away from the equipment because magnetically stored information may be corrupted by the magnetic field.
- Keep electronic devices, such as computers or monitors, away from the equipment because exposure to the magnetic field may result in malfunction or permanent damage to such devices.

Contact Eriez if you have a question regarding these precautions.

COIL REPLACEMENT

Refer to the Parts List Drawing and Figs. 4, 5, 6 & 7

The following procedure should be followed in removing and replacing the electrical assembly, which includes the coil:



1. Remove both nameplates and insert the gap spacer (furnished with the unit) between the E-frame center leg and the armature pole pieces (see Figure 4 & 5).

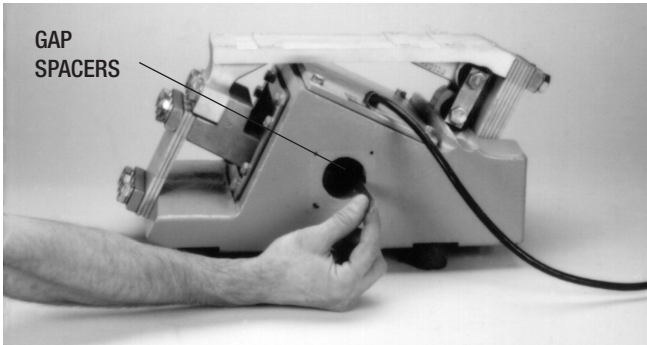


FIGURE 4

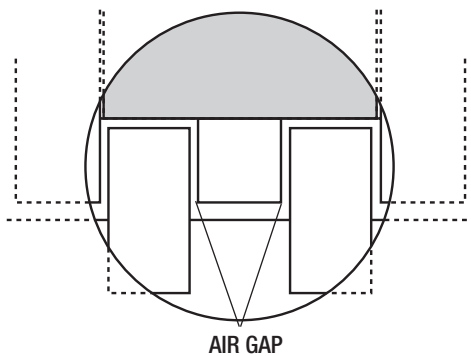


FIGURE 5

FEEDER AIR GAPS			
HD-46	.25	HD-66	.25
HD-56	.25		

2. Remove, in order, the bolts securing (a) the upper end of the rear tuning springstack to the tiebar, (b) the lower ends of the spring lever arms to the body housing, and (c) the lower end of the tiebar to the spring bar. Lift the tray-tiebar-lever assembly away from the body housing (see Figure 6).
3. Remove the bolts securing the electrical assembly to the body housing and lift the assembly out of the body housing (see Figure 7) (careful strong magnet).
4. If the coil is defective, the entire E-frame assembly including the coil must be replaced (order from Eriez parts list).
5. In reassembling the unit, first center the armature at the bottom of the body cavity; then insert the E-frame into the body cavity, making sure that the center leg enters the space between the armature pole pieces. Insert the bolts securing the electrical assembly and fasten only finger tight.

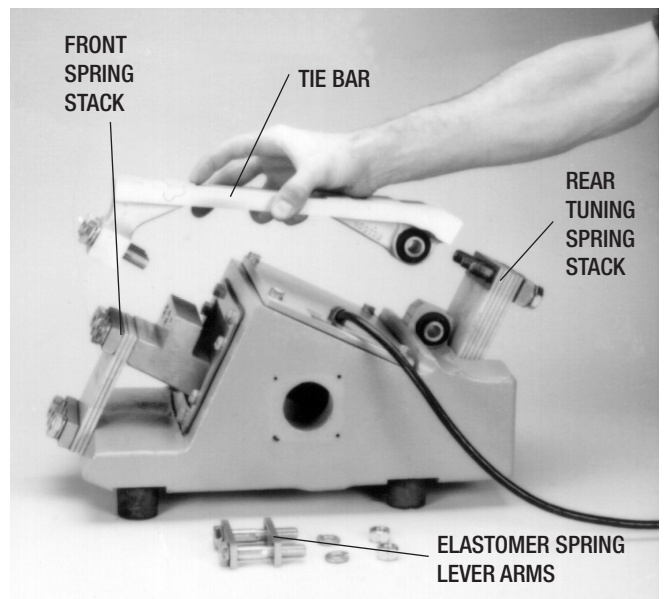


FIGURE 6

6. Place the tray-tiebar-lever assembly into its original position and replace, in order, the bolts securing (a) the lower end of the tiebar to the spring bar, (b) the lower ends of the spring lever arms to the body housing, and (c) the upper end of the rear tuning spring stack to the tiebar. Make sure that all tuning spring spacers are in place and that all bolts are tight.

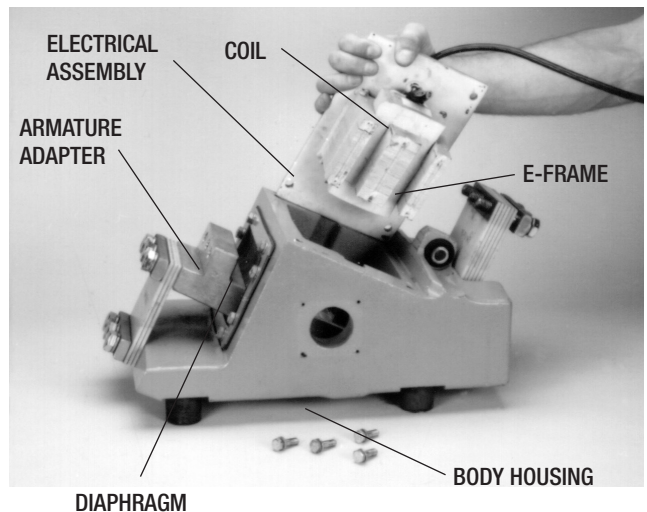


FIGURE 7

7. Loosen the electrical assembly bolts slightly and roughly center the E-frame center leg between the pole pieces. Insert the spacer between the E-frame center leg and the pole pieces and adjust the electrical assembly forward or backward until spacer moves freely in the gaps. Tighten the electrical assembly plate and check air gap to make sure gap has not changed. Replace the nameplates.

Repairs (cont.)

SPRING CHANGE OR REPLACEMENT

Refer to the Parts List Drawing and Figs. 8 & 9.

Although the non-metallic springs used in the feeder have outstanding life characteristics, failure may eventually occur, especially if the displacement is greater than normal. The symptoms of such failure will be:

1. Erratic behavior of the unit, or
2. Greatly reduced displacement.

If spring failure is suspected, the rear tuning spring stack should be removed after first inserting the one gap spacer between the center leg of the E-frame and the two pole pieces (Figure 8). The purpose of this is to hold the tiebar or tray-tiebar assembly in position while the tuning springs are removed.

If after inspection of the rear tuning spring stack, the front stack is suspected, use the ARMATURE REPLACEMENT procedure as a guide for re-assembly with special attention to the washer shaped spacers between the spring bar and armature.

Carefully examine each tuning spring for signs of delamination or breakage, especially in the area next to the spring spacer shims. A failed spring can be recognized by the appearance of the spring surface. If this surface is discolored or has a patchy whitish appearance, perhaps accompanied by surface burying or other irregularity, the spring is defective and should be replaced with a new spring ordered from the parts list. (pages 13 - 15)

If the feeder still exhibits signs of spring malfunction after the tuning spring has been checked and replaced, check the two cylindrical elastomer springs after first inserting the gap spacer, then removing the spring lever arms, and finally removing the elastomer springs in the following manner:

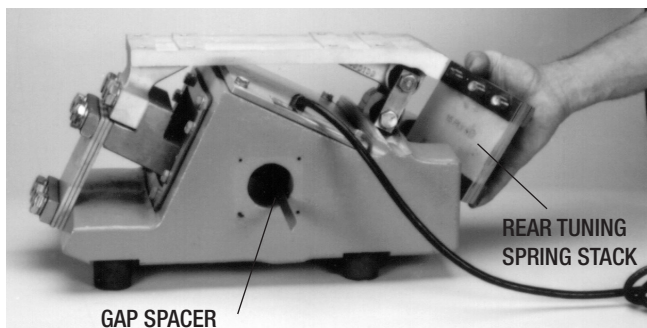


FIGURE 8

1. Lay the unit on its side, making sure that the gap spacer stays in place, and use a small hammer and flattened round bar or dowel to tap the elastomer out of the body housing. Next, support the tiebar with a small block between the tiebar and work surface and tap the elastomer out of the tiebar.
2. Carefully examine the elastomer for signs of failure and replace if such signs are found. A failed elastomer will exhibit one or more of the following characteristics:
 - (a) Looseness of the spring combined with signs of rubbing or abrasion at the outer surface of the cylinder. Looseness of the metal sleeve.
 - (b) Small crack in the elastomer around the end of the metal sleeve, possibly with small abraded particles of the elastomer present.
 - (c) Tackiness of the elastomer around the metal sleeve and at the outer surface of the cylinder, possibly with some outward bulging of the elastomer.
3. In replacing the elastomer, lay the unit on its side so that the chamfered ends of the spring holes are up. After making sure that the holes and their chamfered ends are clean and free from obstructions, lubricate the elastomer with a solution of water and 10% of liquid dishwasher soap (never use a petroleum or silicone lubricant) and press them partly into place with the thumbs. Then tap the springs $1/16$ "- $1/8$ " past center, then back into place, again using the small supporting block between tiebar and work surface. Make sure that the springs go in straight and protrude equally at both ends of both spring holes (see Figure 9).

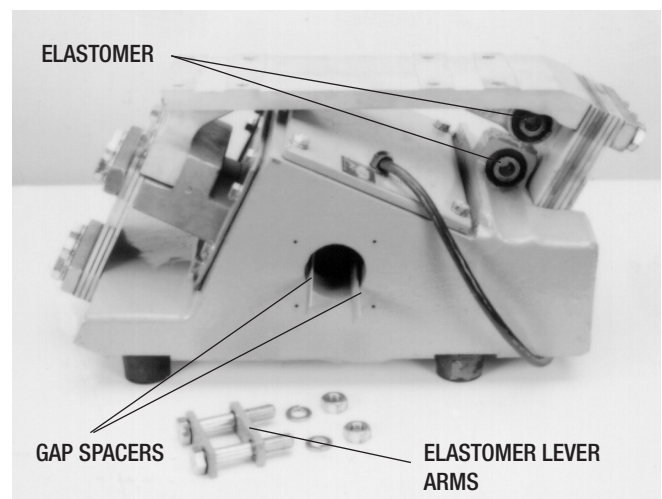


FIGURE 9

- Replace the lever arms, tightening the two fastening bolts securely, and remove the gap spacer. If a new elastomer has been installed, it may be necessary to retune the feeder. See Tuning Guide.

TABLE 1. TORQUE CHART
46 & 56 Series

Part	Bolt Size	Torque	
		m-kgs	ft-lbs
Rear Spring Bolts	M14-2	11.8	85.3
Front Tie Bar Bolts	M14-2	11.8	85.3
Front Spring Bolt	M14-2	11.8	85.3
Electrical Ass'y Bolts	M8-1.25	2.4	17.4
Tray Mounting Bolts	M8-1.25	3.0	22

66 Series

Part	Bolt Size	Torque	
		m-kgs	ft-lbs
Rear Spring Bolts	M16-2	15.2	125.0
Front Tie Bar Bolts	M16-2	15.2	125.0
Front Spring Bolt	M16-2	15.2	125.0
Electrical Ass'y Bolts	M8-1.25	2.4	17.4
Tray Mounting Bolt	M12-1.75	7.4	53.5

CAUTION

Make sure that all of the fasteners in the assembly are tight or torqued to spec at all times. Periodic checks for tightness should be made to insure against possible malfunction or damage due to loose parts.

ARMATURE REPLACEMENT

Refer to the Parts List Drawing and Figs. 4, 5, 6 & 7.

CAUTION: This unit contains Rare Earth Magnets. Strong magnetic fields are present at assembly.

Prolonged striking may damage the armature to an extent that it will have to be replaced. If this should become necessary, order a new armature from the parts list and begin replacement by following the same instructions as for coil replacement.

- Continue by removing in order the bolts securing the elastomer diaphragm clamp to the body housing.
- Loosen slightly but do not remove the upper end of the front tuning spring stacks to the spring bar and the spring bar to the armature.

- Loosen the bolts securing the lower end of the spring stacks to the body housing leaving 1-2 threads in the body housing. Carefully slide the spring stack and the armature assembly back to the bolt heads and remove the bolts from the body housing. **(Do not remove bolts from the spring stacks).**
- Remove the armature and spring stack assembly by grasping the spring stacks and sliding it through the opening in the body housing. **NOTE:** Use a downward pressure when removing this assembly to keep the magnetic poles of the armature from coming in contact with the body housing when going through the opening.
- Stand the armature and spring stack assembly on a non-magnetic surface (i.e. wooden table) as shown in Figure 9. **NOTE:** Keep armature away from any steel parts and surfaces.
- Loosen the bolts securing the spring stacks to the armature and remove the spring stacks with the bolts intact. Retain the washer shaped spacers located between spring bar and armature. Note the position of the elastomer diaphragm when reassembling.
- Center washer shaped spacers on tapped holes of the armature. (Hint: a dab of an instant adhesive will keep the washers and elastomer diaphragm in position while reassembling) and position elastomer diaphragm on the armature as shown in Figure 10. Reverse the above procedure to reassemble the unit.



FIGURE 9

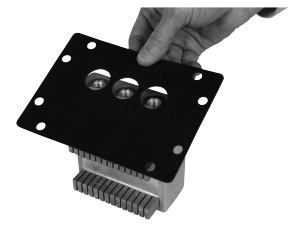


FIGURE 10

- Insert armature and diaphragm assembly through opening in front of base casting as shown in Figure 11.

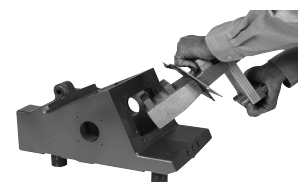


FIGURE 11

Repairs (cont.)

Final assembly as follows:

- Check that the electrical E-frame and armature assemblies are positioned with gap bars provided. (Hand tight).
- Attach the tie bar to the rear of the body housing using the existing rear tuning spring stack and bolts. (Tighten).
- Attach lever arm assembly. (Hand tight).
- Connect the tie bar to the front of the armature adapter. (Torque - see Table 1).
- Check clearances. (Gap bars).
- Tighten front spring stack. (Torque - see Table 1).
- Tighten rear spring stack. (Torque - see Table 1).
- Tighten electrical E-frame assembly. (Torque - see Table 1).
- Tighten lever arm assembly. (Torque - see Table 1).
- Check all fasteners. (Check torque - see Table 1).

THE HI-VI MAGNETIC DRIVE CIRCUIT (RARE EARTH)

Old-style electromagnetic equipment has an inefficient attract-release type operation, where a mass mounted on springs is attracted by a DC electromagnet and returned to its original position solely by the springs.

The new Hi-Vi method incorporates a lifetime permanent rare earth magnet and is operated directly from an alternating current line through Eriez 30/40 Hz control.

In the Hi-Vi method, the spring-mounted mass is alternately both attracted and repelled by an AC electromagnet assisted by the springs.

Intermeshing a fixed polarity permanent magnet with an alternating polarity AC electromagnet eliminates the rectifier since you would have an alternating attracting and repelling force as the polarity of the electromagnet alternated.

It will be noted that the pole pieces of the permanent magnet are intermeshed in the air gaps of an electromagnet. The polarity of the permanent magnet is fixed; the polarity of the electromagnet alternates at the line frequency. We have shown the polarity of the electromagnet as it would exist on one side of the sine wave. Note that both poles of the permanent magnet

are being attracted toward the unlike electromagnet poles. They are also being repelled in the same direction by the like electromagnet poles. This results in four forces accumulating to drive the armature in the same direction. It also results in closing the magnetic circuit through the electromagnet, providing a magnetizing effect on the permanent magnet on each side of the sine wave. The demagnetizing force is very minor for the attracting force and the magnetic lines of flux would much prefer to be attracted than repelled. This always tends to place the permanent magnet in a magnetizing circuit regardless of where the AC current is on the sine wave. As the polarity of the electromagnet changes, all of the forces are reversed and the permanent magnet armature is driven in the opposite direction.

CAUTION: Operation from portable engine driven power plants.

Varying and unstable line frequency has a diverse effect on vibratory feeders because they are tuned mechanical devices, designed for 30/40 cycle operating frequency. Shifts in the operating point due to changes in frequency, (greater than ± 1 Hz) can cause higher than normal spring stress, striking and high line currents which can cause drive and tray failure. When operating from portable engine-driven power plants, be certain that the engine is up to speed and all other loads are started and at running speed before starting the electromagnet feeder.

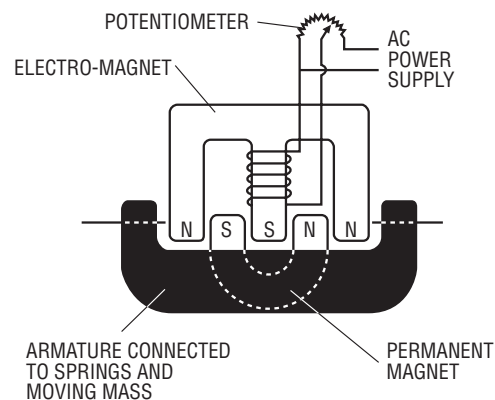


FIGURE 10

The feeder should always be stopped first when the engine-driven power plant is shut down.

Troubleshooting

TABLE 2. SERVICE CHART

NATURE OF PROBLEM		Misapplication	Tampering or Changing of Base or Tray	Loose Spring Clamp or Tray Mounting Bolts	Coil Failure	Control Failure	Incorrect Voltage	Spring Failure	Foreign Material Between Tray & Reaction Mass	Incorrect Tuning	Poor or Broken Weld on Tray	Incorrect Factory Adjustment	Sympathetic Vibration in Other Equipment	In Contact with Other Equipment	Line Voltage or Hz Variation	Blown Fuse or Circuit Breaker	Other Electrical Connections	Shockmount Deterioration	Corrosive or Abrasive Material	Product Variation
Initial Installation	Reduced or Low Output	1	2			5	6	7	8	9		11		13	14		16			19
	Noisy but Output Okay		2	3					8	9	10	11	12	13						
	Noisy Certain Periods Only											11		13	14					
Develop After Satisfactory Initial Operation	Completely Inoperative		2		4	5		7						13		15	16			
	Operating But Reduced Output		2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		16	17		19
	Output Okay Too Much Noise		2					7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14					
	Gradual Fading					5		7	8	9	10			13						19
	Excessive Tray Wear																		18	
	Turbulent Flow										10	11			14			17		
	Inconsistent Output		2	3		5	6	7		9	10	11	12	13	14		16	17		19

- Misapplication**
Feeder too small. Product difficult or impossible to handle. Impossible temperatures or atmospheres. Impossible dimensional requirements. Feeding requirements too precise or excessive. Consult Eriez.
- Tampering or Changing of Base or Tray**
Improper disassembly, extensions, covers, weights, screens or other modifications or attachments may have affected performance. Reassemble in accordance with printed instructions or consult Eriez.
- Loose Spring Clamp or Tray Mounting Bolts**
Tighten all bolts.
- Coil Failure**
Replace coil or coil and E-frame assembly. Order from Eriez parts lists. Follow maintenance instructions carefully.
- Control Failure**
Check for burned out powerstat or rheostat, defective capacitor, defective switch, loose wiring, defective transformer (if used). Order new parts from Eriez. Possibility special control needed. Consult Engineering.
- Incorrect voltage**
Check nameplate specifications and line voltage.
- Spring Failure**
See maintenance instructions. Disassemble for examination. Tuning spring failure will show up as white areas. Order new parts from factory and replace per instructions.
- Foreign Material**
Examine and remove foreign material.



Troubleshooting *(cont.)*

9. **Incorrect Tuning**

See maintenance instructions. To decrease displacement and output and eliminate striking, use fewer or thinner tuning springs. To increase displacement, use more or thicker tuning springs.

10. **Poor or Broken Weld on Tray**

Check and correct.

11. **Incorrect Factory Adjustment**

See maintenance instructions.
(Gap adjustments.)

12. **Sympathetic Vibration in Other Equipment**

Check and correct.

13. **Contact with Other Equipment**

Check and correct.

14. **Line Voltage or Hz Variation**

Check and install voltage regulator if necessary.
Check Hz on output side of control. Adjust back to 30 Hz per control manual. 40 Hz for the HD-36.

15. **Blown Fuse or Circuit Breaker**

Check for short circuits and correct.

16. **Other Electrical Connections**

Check all connections and correct.

17. **Shockmount Deterioration**

Check and correct.

18. **Corrosive or Abrasive Material**

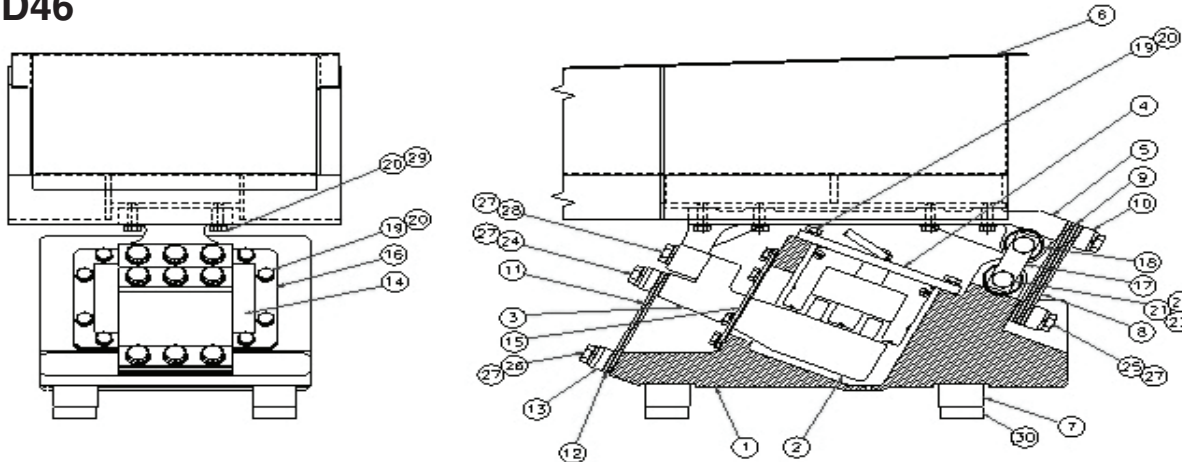
May require special tray. Consult Eriez.

19. **Product Variation**

If product density, moisture content or other characteristics vary, customer should take own corrective measures.

Parts Lists

HD46

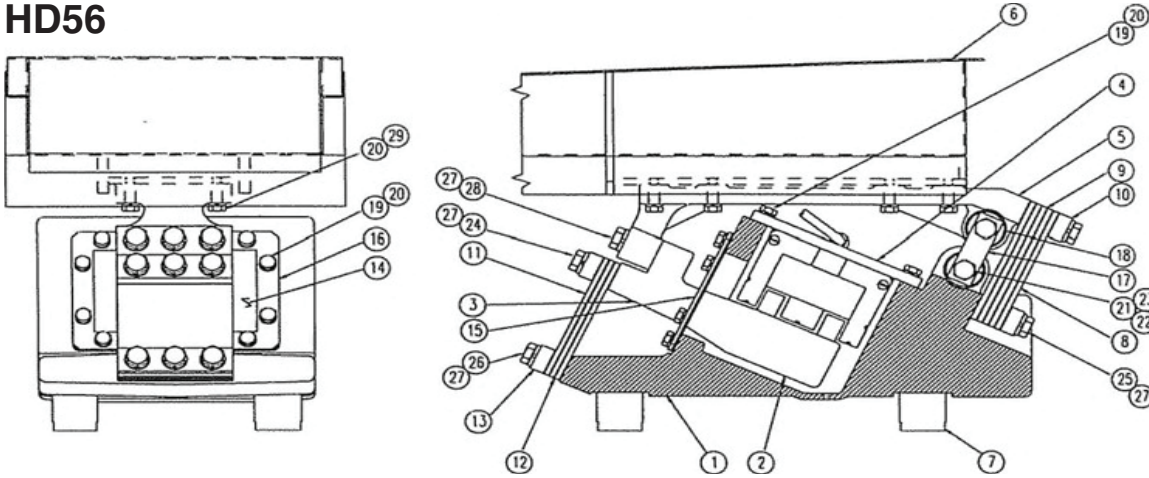


PART NO.	NAME	STD COMP. NO.	QTY REQ'D
1	BODY CASTING	130905	1
2	ARMATURE	130726	1
3	ARMATURE ADAPTER	130408	1
4	ELECTRICAL ASSEMBLY		1
	115/30	133122	
	230/30	137321	
5	TIE BAR	130407	1
6	TRAY (Specify)		1
	8 x 36 Flat - M.S.		
	8 x 36 Flat - M.S.		
	12 x 30 Flat - M.S.		
	12 x 30 Flat - M.S.		
	14 x 24 Flat - M.S.		
	14 x 24 Flat - S.S.		
	4 DIA x 36 TUBE - M.S.		
	4 DIA x 36 TUBE - S.S.		
	6 DIA x 42 TUBE - M.S.		
	6 DIA x 42 TUBE - S.S.		
7	SHOCK MOUNT	434751	4
8	REAR SPRING (Specify)		AS REQ'D
	5 PLY	130707	
	7 PLY	130706	
	9 PLY	130708	
	11 PLY	130710	
9	REAR SPRING SPACER	430828	AS REQ'D
10	REAR CLAMP BAR	130705	2
11	FRONT SPRING / see item #8/ (Specify)		AS REQ'D
12	FRONT SPRING SPACER	430828	AS REQ'D
13	FRONT CLAMP BAR	130705	2
14	DIAPHRAGM	430264	1
15	DIAPHRAGM SPACER	430827	3
16	DIAPHRAGM CLAMP	430265	1
17	LEVER ARM	113039	2
18	ELASTOMER	400738	2
19	HEX HEAD BOLT-M8-1.25 x 25mm SS	437426	12
20	LOCK WASHER - M8 SS	437429	20
21	HEX HEAD BOLT-M12-1.75 x 70mm SS	225062	2
22	LOCK WASHER - M12 SS	438949	2
23	HEX NUT- M12 SS	438948	2
24	HEX HEAD BOLT - (Specify)		3
	M14-2 x 120mm SS	225044	
	M14-2 x 130mm SS	225052	
	M14-2 x 150mm SS	225089	
25	HEX HEAD BOLT - (Specify)		6
	M14-2 x 45mm SS	225043	
	M14-2 x 50mm SS	225051	
	M14-2 x 55mm SS	225042	
	M14-2 x 60mm SS	440009	
	M14-2 x 65mm SS	225085	
	M14-2 x 70mm SS	Consult home office	
26	HEX HEAD BOLT / see item #25 (Specify)		6
27	LOCK WASHER - M14 SS	440008	15
28	HEX HEAD BOLT M14-2 x 60mm SS	440009	3
29	HEX HEAD BOLT-M8-1.25 x 25mm CL 8.8	437426	8
30	SHOCK MOUNT SUPPORT	130732	4
31	ALIGNMENT PLATE (NOT SHOWN)	101522	1
32	KIT SPARE PARTS HD46 115/30 (Electrical Assy, Diaphragm, shockmounts, Tuning springs, Springs spacers, Bolts, Washers, + Gap Gauge)	150460	1
33	Gap gauge HD46	101518	1

NOTE: All fasteners listed above are metric high strength plated steel class 8.8. When ordering parts, be sure to specify Feeder Model and Style, Part No. and Quantity.

Parts Lists

HD56



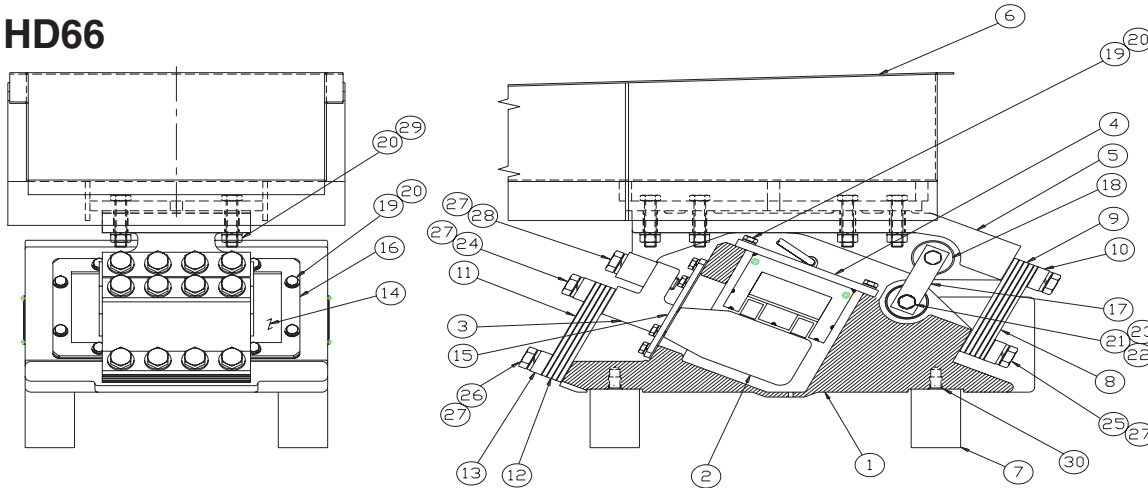
PART NO.	NAME	STD COMP. NO.	QTY REQ'D			
1	BODY CASTING	130406	1			
2	ARMATURE	130726	1			
3	ARMATURE ADAPTER	130408	1			
4	ELECTRICAL ASSEMBLY		1			
	115/30	133129				
	230/30	135394				
5	TIE BAR	130407	1			
6	TRAY (Specify)		1			
	10 x 38 Flat - M.S.					
	10 x 38 Flat - M.S.					
	14 x 30 Flat - M.S.					
	14 x 30 Flat - M.S.					
	17 x 24 Flat - M.S.					
	17 x 24 Flat - S.S.					
	4 DIA x 48 TUBE - M.S.					
	4 DIA x 48 TUBE - S.S.					
	6 DIA x 42 TUBE - M.S.					
	6 DIA x 42 TUBE - S.S.					
	8 DIA x 38 TUBE - M.S.					
	8 DIA x 38 TUBE - S.S.					
7	SHOCK MOUNT	434751	4			
8	REAR SPRING (Specify)		AS REQ'D			
	5 PLY	130707				
	7 PLY	130706				
	9 PLY	130708				
	11 PLY	130710				
9	REAR SPRING SPACER	430828	AS REQ'D			
10	REAR CLAMP BAR	130705	2			
11	FRONT SPRING / see item #8/ (Specify)		AS REQ'D			
12	FRONT SPRING SPACER	430828	AS REQ'D			
13	FRONT CLAMP BAR	130705	2			
14	DIAPHRAGM	430264	1			
15	DIAPHRAGM SPACER	430827	3			
16	DIAPHRAGM CLAMP	430265	1			
17	LEVER ARM	113039	2			
18	ELASTOMER	400738	2			
19	HEX HEAD BOLT-M8-1.25 x 25mm SS	437426	12			
20	LOCK WASHER - M8 SS	437429	20			
21	HEX HEAD BOLT-M12-1.75 x 70mm SS	438947	2			
22	LOCK WASHER - M12 SS	438949	2			
23	HEX NUT- M12 SS	438948	2			
24	HEX HEAD BOLT - (Specify)		3			
	M14-2 x 120mm SS	225044				
	M14-2 x 130mm SS	225052				
	M14-2 x 150mm SS	225089				
25	HEX HEAD BOLT - (Specify)					
	M14-2 x 45mm SS	225043				
	M14-2 x 50mm SS	225051				
	M14-2 x 55mm SS	225042				
	M14-2 x 60mm SS	440009				
	M14-2 x 65mm SS	225089				
	M14-2 x 70mm SS				Consult home office	
26	HEX HEAD BOLT / see item #25 (Specify)					
27	LOCK WASHER - M14 SS	440008	15			
28	HEX HEAD BOLT M14-2 x 60mm SS	440009	3			
29	HEX HEAD BOLT-M8-1.25 x 25mm SS	437426	8			
31	ALIGNMENT PLATE (NOT SHOWN)	101522	1			
32	KIT SPARE PARTS HD56 115/30 (Electrical Assy., Diaphragm, Shockmounts, tuning springs, Springs spacers, Bolts, Washers, + Gap gauge)	150470	1			
33	Gap gauge	101518	1			

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Parts Lists

HD66



PART NO.	NAME	STD COMP. NO.	QTY REQ'D
1	BODY CASTING	131212	1
2	INTEGRAL ARMATURE	131312	1
3	ARMATURE ADAPTER	131201	1
4	ELECTRICAL ASSEMBLY		1
	115/30	133136	
	230/30	165057	
5	TIE BAR	131211	1
6	TRAY (Specify)		1
	12 x 42 Flat - M.S.		
	12 x 42 Flat - S.S.		
	14 x 36 Flat - M.S.		
	14 x 36 Flat - S.S.		
	16 x 30 Flat - M.S.		
	16 x 30 Flat - S.S.		
7	SHOCK MOUNT	432155	4
8	REAR SPRING (Specify)		AS REQ'D
	5 PLY	131224	
	7 PLY	131225	
	9 PLY	131226	
	11 PLY	131227	
9	REAR SPRING SPACER	432157	AS REQ'D
10	REAR CLAMP BAR	432174	2
11	FRONT SPRING / see item #8/ (Specify)		AS REQ'D
12	FRONT SPRING SPACER	432157	AS REQ'D
13	FRONT CLAMP BAR	432174	2
14	DIAPHRAGM	432163	1
15	DIAPHRAGM SPACER	432173	4
16	DIAPHRAGM CLAMP	432162	1
17	LEVER ARM	432154	2
18	ELASTOMER SPRING	432423	2
19	HEX HEAD BOLT-M8-1.25 x 25mm SS	437426	12

20	LOCK WASHER - M8 SS	437429	20
21	HEX HEAD BOLT-M12-1.75 x 70mm SS	225062	2
22	LOCK WASHER - M12 SS	438949	2
23	HEX NUT- M12 SS	438948	2
24	HEX HEAD BOLT - (Specify)		4
	M16-2 x 140mm Class 8.8 Plated	Consult home office	
	M16-2 x 150mm Class 8.8 Plated	Consult home office	
	M16-2 x 160mm SS	Consult home office	
25	HEX HEAD BOLT - (Specify)		
	M16-2 x 60mm SS	Consult home office	
	M16-2 x 65mm SS	Consult home office	
	M16-2 x 70mm SS	225056	
	M16-2 x 75mm SS	Consult home office	
	M16-2 x 80mm SS	Consult home office	
	M16-2 x 85mm SS	Consult home office	
26	HEX HEAD BOLT / see item #25 (Specify)		
27	LOCK WASHER - M16 SS	440013	20
28	HEX HEAD BOLT/ M16-2 x 65mm SS	Consult home office	
29	HEX NUT M8-1.25 SS	420983	8
30	STUD	423308	4
32	ALIGNMENT PLATE (NOT SHOWN)	433191	1
33	KIT SPARE PARTS HD66 115/30 (Electrical Assy., Diaphragm, Shockmounts, Tuning springs, Spring spacers, Bolts, Washers, + Gap gauge)	150480	1
34	Gap gauge	101518	1
28	HEX HEAD BOLT M14-2 x 60mm SS	440009	3
29	HEX HEAD BOLT-M8-1.25 x 25mm SS	437426	8
31	ALIGNMENT PLATE (NOT SHOWN)	101522	1
32	KIT SPARE PARTS HD56 115/30 (Electrical Assy., Diaphragm, Shockmounts, tuning springs, Springs spacers, Bolts, Washers, + Gap gauge)	150470	1
33	Gap gauge	101518	1

NOTE: All fasteners listed above are metric high strength plated steel class 8.8. When ordering parts, be sure to specify Feeder Model and Style, Part No. and Quantity.

Vibratory Feeder: Models HD-46, HD-56, & HD-66



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Global Leader in Separation Technologies

2200 Asbury Road, Erie, PA 16506-1402 U.S.A.

Telephone: 814-835-6000 • Fax: 814-838-4960

www.eriez.com e-mail: eriez@eriez.com



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